Conics - Again.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
19 & C \\
20 & E \\
21 & 1+ \\
23 & P
\end{array}
$$

19. 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}-10 x+25 y^{2}-12 y+36=-45 \\
& \downarrow+\frac{25}{36} \\
&+\frac{36}{2} \\
&(x-5)^{2}+(y-6)^{2}=16
\end{aligned}
$$

Center

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (5,6) \\
& r=4=\sqrt{16}
\end{aligned}
$$

20. 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9 x^{2}-54 x+\ldots+16 y^{2}+32 y+\ldots=47 \\
& \text { Factor! } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
9\left(1 x^{2}-6 x+\frac{9}{}\right)+14\left(y^{2}+2 y+1\right)
\end{array}=478
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4\left(1 x^{2}-6 x+9\right)+16\left(y^{2}+2 y+7\right)=+81 \\
& \frac{9(x-3)^{2}}{144}+\frac{16(y+1)^{2}}{144}=\frac{144}{144} \\
& \frac{(x-3)^{2}}{16}+\frac{(y+1)^{2}}{9} \\
& \text { C: }(3,-1) \\
& \leftrightarrow \sqrt{16}=4 \quad \stackrel{\downarrow}{9}=3 \\
& 21 \text { H. } \\
& 16 y^{2}-128 y+-4 x^{2}+64 x+-=64
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{16(y-4)^{2}}{64} \frac{-4(x-8)^{2}}{64}=\frac{64}{64} \\
& \frac{(y-4)^{2}}{4}-\frac{(x-8)^{2}}{16}=1 \\
& C:(8,4) \\
& \stackrel{y}{\downarrow} \sqrt{16}=4
\end{aligned}
$$

23. 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 y^{2}-2 x-24 y+10=0 \\
& 6 y^{2}-24 y=2 x-10 \\
& 6\left(y^{2}-4 y+\frac{4}{2}\right) \\
& =24 \\
& 6(y-2)^{2}=2 x-14 \\
& \\
& \text { 1solate } x . \\
& \frac{6(y-2)^{2}+\frac{14}{2}}{}=\frac{2 x}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3(y-2)^{-}+7=x \\
& x=3(y-2)^{2}+7 \\
& \text { Vtx: } \\
& (7,2) \\
& \stackrel{3}{\square} \\
& 2 \xrightarrow{4(3)} \\
& a=3
\end{aligned}
$$



