

Summation

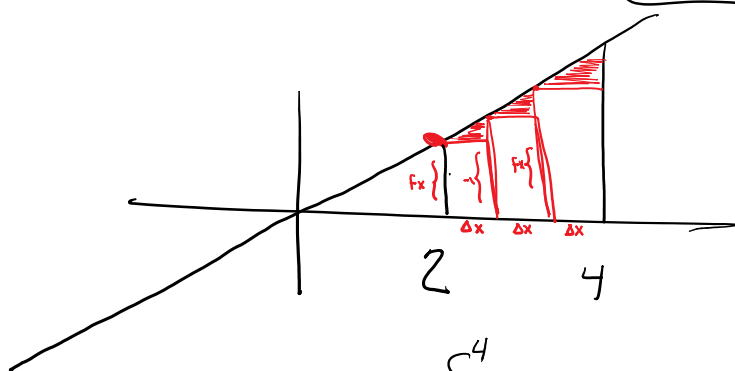
Thursday, January 11, 2018 8:17 AM

A. $\int x dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2$

Antiderivative

B. $\int x dx =$ Area under the curve

$y = x$



Area btwn curve and x axis

$$\int_2^4 x dx$$

$$\int_2^4 f(x) dx = f(x_1) \Delta x + f(x_2) \Delta x + f(x_3) \Delta x$$

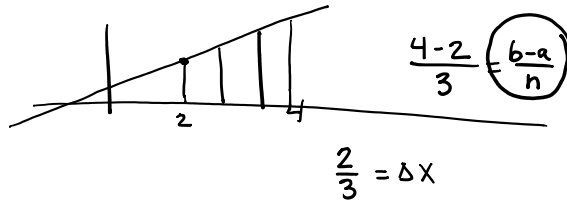
$$\sum_{i=1}^3 f(x_i) \Delta x$$

TRUE AREA: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x$

$\int_2^4 f(x) dx$

aka $\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x$

1. Summation w/ left endpoints



left endpoints

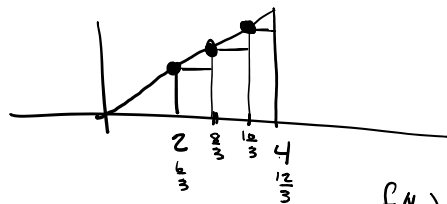
2	2
$2 + \frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{8}{3}$
$2 + \frac{2}{3}(2)$	$\frac{10}{3}$

$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$

Right: $x_i = x_0 + \Delta x \cdot i$

left $x_i = x_0 + \Delta x(i-1)$

Area using 3 Rectangles
left endpoints on $\int_2^4 f(x) dx$



Left Sum

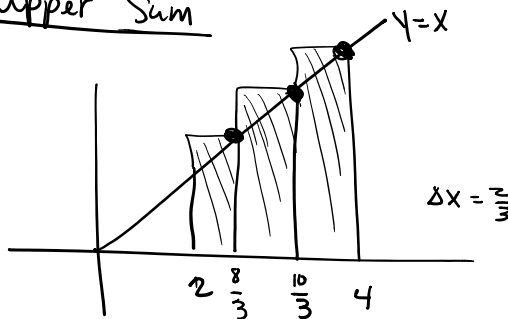
$f(x_0) \Delta x + f(x_1) \Delta x + f(x_2) \Delta x$

$2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + \frac{8}{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + \frac{10}{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

$\frac{4}{3} + \frac{16}{9} + \frac{20}{9}$

$\frac{48}{9} = \frac{16}{3} \checkmark$

Upper Sum



$\frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) + \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{10}{3}\right) + \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{12}{3}\right)$

$\frac{16}{9} + \frac{20}{9} + \frac{24}{9}$

$\frac{60}{9} = \frac{20}{3}$

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{16} i^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{15} i^2 + i$$

P 260

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c = c \cdot n \quad \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

$$\text{ex: } \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{i+1}{i^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \sum_{i=1}^5 (i+1)$$

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 i + \sum_{i=1}^5 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \left[\frac{n^2+n}{2} + n \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{i^2} \left[\frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2} + n \right]$$

$$\frac{2 \frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2} + \frac{n}{2}}{i^2}$$

$$\frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2} + \frac{n}{2}$$

$$\frac{n+3}{2} \neq$$

4.2 11-29 odd